CSBS Cannabis Job Aid



CSBS Cannabis Job Aid

Industrial hemp was legalized federally by the 2018 Farm Bill. States across the country are now establishing regulatory schemes for hemp production. The job aid is an examiner reference tool providing background as well as state-specific information, such as legalization status and related topics, on both hemp and marijuana. As federal and state cannabis laws change, we expect that frequent updates will be necessary to keep this job aid up to date.

The CSBS State Supervisory Processes Committee approved the release of this job aid to assist state examiners in the examination of a financial institution that may be banking cannabis-related businesses. If you notice something in the job aid that needs to be edited contact Daniel Berkland (dberkland@csbs.org).

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Hemp Job Aid

Hemp Related Businesses ¹	Information for Examiners	Relevant Policy	Examiner Notes		
Part I - Background Informat	Part I - Background Information				
This section is designed to he	elp examiners understand the hemp indu	istry.			
What is hemp (or industrial hemp)?	 Hemp is any part of the Cannabis sativa L. plant that contains less than 0.3% of THC. The same plant produces marijuana and hemp – the difference is the amount of THC in that plant. 	Hemp is defined as the plant Cannabis sativa L. and any part of that plant, including the seeds thereof and all derivatives, extracts, cannabinoids, isomers, acids, salts, and salts of isomers, whether growing or not, with a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) concentration of not more than 0.3 percent on a dry weight basis			
2. What are the plans in place now for hemp production?	 Until new USDA plans were available as provided for in the 2018 Farm Bill, the plans that were applicable under the 2014 Farm Bill remain in effect. The old plans found at 7 USC 5940 are repealed on September 30, 2021. 	The USDA regulations, 7 CFR 990 , were published in the Federal Register January 19, 2021 as a final rule effective March 22, 2021. Establishment of a Domestic Hemp Production Program			

¹ This job aid uses the term Hemp Related Business (HRB) to mean any business that is directly or indirectly related to the hemp industry.



Hemp Related Busin	esses ¹ Information for Examiners	Relevant Policy	Examiner Notes
3. When did the USD its regulations on			
4. Must each state, territory, or tribe with plan that govern to production of hem	e local hemp production following the 2018	States may opt to continue to operate under their 2014 pilot plans until January 1, 2022. Status of state and tribal plans under review is here. The first state and tribal plans were approved December 27, 2019.	



Н	emp Related Businesses ¹	Information for Examiners	Relevant Policy	Examiner Notes
5.	What must be included in each state, territory, or tribe's plan?	 Each plan must include processes to gather (and maintain for at least three years) the following: Specific land used for production Sampling and testing procedures Disposal of non-compliant plants As well set up for reporting and information sharing with USDA State and tribal plans must be audited 	7 CFR 990.3 specifies the requirements for state and tribal plans 7 CFR990.5 specifies the audit requirements for state and tribal plans 7 CFR 990.70 specifies the reporting requirements for state and tribal plans States and tribes with approved plans must complete these forms – the producer report and the disposal report are required monthly and there is an annual report as	
		at least every three years by the USDA	well.	
6.	Can hemp and hemp products be transported across state lines?	Interstate transportation of hemp and hemp products is specifically authorized by the 2018 Farm Bill.	7 CFR 990.63 No State or Indian Tribe may prohibit the transportation or shipment of hemp or hemp products (produced in accordance with an approved plan) through the State or the territory of the Indian Tribe, as applicable.	
7.	What if my state prohibits the production of hemp?	States and tribes may prohibit the production of hemp.	7 CFR 990.20 States or tribes may put more restrictive parameters on the production of hemp but are not authorized to alter the definition of hemp or put in place policies that are less restrictive than the 2018 Farm Bill.	
8.	What information is required to get a license to be a hemp grower?	To produce hemp, a grower must be licensed or authorized under a State hemp program, a Tribal hemp program, or the USDA hemp program	Information for hemp producers is found on the USDA site <u>here</u> The USDA maintains a <u>list</u> of all state grower contacts.	



Hemp Related Businesses ¹	Information for Examiners	Relevant Policy	Examiner Notes
9. When is a hemp producer license required?	 A valid license is required before producing, cultivating, or storing hemp. A producer must secure a license from the state or tribal authority that has jurisdiction; if hemp is legal, but there is no governing state or tribal authority, the producer must secure a USDA license USDA license applications will be accepted after December 2, 2019 For the 2020 growing season license applications may be made anytime, but in subsequent years they will be accepted from August 1 to October 31 	7 CFR 990.21 Any person producing or intending to produce hemp must have a valid license prior to producing, cultivating, or storing hemp.	
10. Can felons participate in hemp production?	There is a prohibition against hemp production by persons convicted of certain felonies.	7 CRF 990.20(b) Unless previously approved under the provisions of the 2014 Farm Bill, no person convicted of a felony related to a controlled substance may participate in hemp production for ten years following the date of conviction.	
11. How is hemp tested for THC levels to ensure it has not 'gone hot' (exceeded the THC limit)?	 The crop must be harvested no later than 30 days after the testing samples are collected Sampling must be sufficient at a confidence level of 95 percent that no more than one percent of the plants in the lot would exceed the acceptable THC limit 	7 CFR 990.3(a)(2)(i) describes collection 7 CFR 990.24 - 25 describe testing The USDA delayed enforcement of the testing and disposal requirements. Latest information is here . Guidelines for sampling and testing ; listing of approved hemp testing laboratories is here .	





Hemp Related Businesses ¹	Information for Examiners	Relevant Policy	Examiner Notes
13. Can growers get intellectual property protection for new varieties of hemp?	The USDA is now accepting applications for plant variety protection under the Plant Variety Protection Act. If granted the protection lasts 20 years.	Plant variety protection <u>site</u> of the USDA.	
14. Can hemp seeds be imported?	 2018 Farm Bill, Section 10113, removed hemp and hemp seeds from the Drug Enforcement Administration's (DEA) schedule of Controlled Substances. This action removed hemp and hemp seeds from DEA authority for products containing THC levels less than 0.3 percent. DEA no longer has authority to require hemp seed permits for import purposes. 	Hemp seeds can be imported from Canada if accompanied by either: 1) a phytosanitary certification from Canada's national plant protection organization to verify the origin of the seed and confirm that no plant pests are detected; or 2) a Federal Seed Analysis Certificate (SAC, PPQ Form 925) for hemp seeds grown in Canada. Hemp seed may be imported from other countries if accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate from the exporting county to verify the origin and lack of pests. Importation of seed is covered under USDA Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service regulations, so the new rule does not further address hemp seed imports or exports.	
15. Can hemp be sent through the US mail?	• The US Postal System allows hemp products to be mailed if the mailer complies with applicable federal, state, and local laws. The mailer must retain proof of compliance with such laws for at least two years after mailing.	USPS web policy document 453 Controlled Substances and Drugs 2021 Final Rule Treatment of E-Cigarettes in the Mail	



Hemp Related Businesses ¹	Information for Examiners	Relevant Policy	Examiner Notes
16. What is CBD or CBD oil? Is it legal?	 One of the main byproducts of industrial hemp is cannabidiol or CBD oil. The Farm Bill authorizes CBD only to the extent that is contained in hemp grown in a manner consistent with the Farm Bill and other federal and state regulations. Cannabidiol (CBD), which is regulated by the Food and Drug Administration, remains illegal for human consumption. Hemp seeds and seed oil generally do not contain CBD. 	While hemp is now off the Schedule 1 list, it remains subject to regulation by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), which considers CBD a drug and an illegal food ingredient. One anti-seizure drug for children produced from CBD has been approved for use, Epidiolex. Hemp seed oil (which does not contain CBD) has been deemed "generally recognized as safe" by the FDA.	
17. Where is the most current information from the FDA on hemp?	The FDA maintains a question-and- answer website on cannabis with the latest information.	FDA website Q&A	
18. Hemp ingredients in alcohol beverages	The Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau of Treasury previously banned hemp ingredients because it was a Schedule 1 drug. Their guidance is in process of being updated to reflect hemp's new legal status.	TTB Industry Circular 2019-1	



Hemp Related Businesses ¹	Information for Examiners	Relevant Policy	Examiner Notes
19. Are financial institutions required to file Suspicious Activity Reports (SARs) for HRB?	 Because hemp is no longer a Schedule 1 controlled substance under the Controlled Substances Act, institutions are not required to file a SAR on customers solely because they are engaged in the growth or cultivation of hemp in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. Note this requirement is different than for marijuana-related businesses 	For hemp-related customers, institutions are expected to follow standard SAR procedures, and file a SAR if indicia of suspicious activity warrants. Providing Financial Services to Customers Engaged in Hemp-Related Businesses FinCEN Guidance Regarding Due Diligence Requirements under the Bank Secrecy Act for Hemp-Related Business Customers June 29, 2020	
Part II - Current and Planned The questions in this section		an understanding of an institution's postur	e regarding the hemp industry.
20. Is the institution currently banking any	Hemp industry may include growers, transporters, processors, and	Pursuant to the 2018 Farm Bill, hemp is no longer a Schedule 1 controlled substance,	



customers related to the

hemp industry?

manufacturers (among others).

and it is legal under federal law to

It may be illegal under state law.

manufacture, distribute or dispense hemp.

Hemp Related Businesses ¹	Information for Examiners	Relevant Policy	Examiner Notes
21. What discussions have taken place at the Board of Directors about HRB?	This question is intended to help develop an understanding of how the institution's management team views banking the HRB industry. It is not intended to imply that specific provisions or steps should have been taken by the institution.	Not addressed in federal policy.	
Part III - Risk Management (of the institution's posture regarding the h	emp industry.
22. What if my financial institution is engaged in banking HRB?	The financial institution is making a risk management decision. Financial institutions considering whether to bank hemp-related businesses should be confident in their ability to assess the risk of agriculture operations of similar size and business models.	Federal regulators and the CSBS issued a statement clarifying the legal status of hemp production and the relevant requirements under the Bank Secrecy Act.	
23. What is the state's hemp regulatory setup?	 A state may prohibit the production of hemp (see 7 CFR 990.20). If not prohibited, the primary regulator may be the USDA if state regulatory plans have not been approved by the USDA. 	See your state's department of agriculture for updated information. Links are provided in the <i>State by State Cannabis Policy</i> section. Current status of state and tribal plans under review is here	



Hemp Related Businesses ¹	Information for Examiners	Relevant Policy	Examiner Notes
24. Did management perform a review of applicable federal and state laws prior to the banking of HRB customers?	Management would be expected to ensure that any applicable licenses or regulatory requirements have been met before establishing a relationship with any HRB. These reviews should occur on a regular basis to ensure that no licenses have lapsed, or no regulatory requirements have been missed by the HRB that could jeopardize their ability to operate their business.	Not addressed in federal policy.	
25. How will the financial institution monitor compliance with applicable state (or federal) requirements?	 If the state is not the primary regulator of hemp the federal government is (unless hemp is prohibited by the state). 	Not addressed in federal policy.	
26. Do the institution's policies address banking of HRBs?	There is no requirement that separate policies or procedures be developed for HRBs, but if an institution has HRB customers, the handling of such relationships should be addressed in existing or separate policies.	Not addressed in federal policy.	
27. Has the institution adjusted their risk management practices to include HRBs?	 Risks specific to HRBs should be included in the institution's risk assessments if they have current or planned HRB relationships. 	Not addressed in federal policy.	
28. What challenges has the institution encountered in banking HRBs?	Responses should help an examiner understand how HRBs have impacted the institution's risk profile.	Not addressed in federal policy.	



Hemp Related Businesses ¹	Information for Examiners	Relevant Policy	Examiner Notes
29. What training has been done for employees regarding HRBs?	Specific training requirements have not been articulated.	Not addressed in federal policy.	



Marijuana Job Aid

Marijuana Related Businesses ²	Information for Examiners	Relevant Policy	Examiner Notes			
Part I - Current and Planned Activities The questions in this section are intended to build an understanding of the institution's posture regarding the marijuana industry. 1. Is the institution • The distinction between a direct Pursuant to the Controlled						
currently banking any customers related to the marijuana industry?	marijuana relationship and an indirect marijuana relationship is not well defined. Customer due diligence (CDD) guidance requires that for customers who pose higher money laundering risks, enhanced procedures and processes should be followed. • The FFIEC BSA/AML Examination Manual discusses enhanced CDD for higher-risk customers, including obtaining the following from the customer: description of the business operations, the anticipated volume of currency and total sales, and a list of major customers and sales.	Substances Act, 21 USC §812, marijuana is a Schedule 1 controlled substance, and it is illegal under federal law to manufacture, distribute or dispense marijuana. 31 CFR 1020.210(b)(5) is the regulation governing CDD.				

² This job aid uses the term marijuana related business (MRB) to mean any business that is directly or indirectly related to the marijuana industry. States may define the term MRB differently.



	Marijuana Related Businesses ²	Information for Examiners	Relevant Policy	Examiner Notes
2.	How does the institution determine whether current customers are related to the marijuana industry?	Be aware that the identification of MRBs, especially indirect MRBs, can be difficult. Use this question to assess the robustness of the institution's CDD processes and to identify whether gaps exist related to MRB identification.	2014 FinCEN Guidance (FIN-2014-G001) directs financial institutions, when assessing the risk of providing services to a MRB, to collect and verify the following information from relevant state authorities: whether the MRB is duly licensed and registered, if the MRB license application (and related documentation) was submitted by the business to the state authorities, and any available information about the MRB and related parties. State licensing authorities are listed on the State by State Cannabis Policy page within this Job Aid.	
3.	Is the institution planning to permit the opening of relationships with MRBs? If so, when?	This question is intended to help develop an understanding of the institution's strategy (if any) related to banking MRBs.	2014 FinCEN Guidance (FIN-2014-G001) lays out factors that banks should consider when banking an MRB: 1) Whether the MRB is violating any Cole Memo Priorities, 2) whether money laundering is still occurring unrelated to marijuana, 3) whether the MRB can produce sufficient documentation for licensing, 4) whether the state cannabis board has levied an enforcement action, etc.	



	Marijuana Related Businesses ²	Information for Examiners	Relevant Policy	Examiner Notes
ıf ·		This question is intended to help develop an understanding of how the institution's management team views banking the MRB industry. It is not intended to imply that specific provisions or steps should have been taken by the management team. The questions indicate that this institution destry, the remaining questions on this job.	-	banking relationships that are
5.	What types of MRBs have relationships with the institution and approximately how many accounts does this include?	Your state may have a regulatory body that issues certain license types to MRBs. As a starting point, identify the license types that your state licenses and ask whether any such customers have relationships at this institution. Links to	Pursuant to the Controlled Substances Act, 21 USC §812, marijuana is a Schedule 1 controlled substance, and it is illegal under federal law to manufacture, distribute or dispense marijuana.	

Part II - Risk Management

The questions in this section are designed to help examiners assess the sufficiency of the institution's risk management practices for MRBs.

state websites are listed in the State by

State Cannabis Policy section.



include?

	Marijuana Related Businesses ²	Information for Examiners	Relevant Policy	Examiner Notes
6.	Does the institution have policies and procedures specific to the banking of MRBs?	There is no requirement that separate policies or procedures be developed for MRBs, but if an institution has MRB customers, the handling of such relationships should be addressed in existing policies or separate policies. One important consideration is that MRBs may not be treated as non-listed businesses for Currency Transaction Report (CTR) purposes and are not eligible for an exemption from CTR requirements.	Financial institutions should adjust policies and procedures related to MRBs per FIN-2014-G001.	



Marijuana Related Businesses ²	Information for Examiners	Relevant Policy	Examiner Notes
7. Has the institution adjusted their risk assessment to include MRBs?	Risks specific to MRBs should be included in the institution's risk assessment if they have current or planned MRB relationships.	fin-2014-G001 lays out the following risk assessment priorities if a financial institution is considering banking MRBs: 1) verifying with the appropriate state authorities if the business is duly licensed and registered; 2) reviewing the license application submitted by the business for obtaining a state license to operate its marijuana related business, 3) requesting from state licensing and enforcement authorities available information about the business and related parties, 4) developing an understanding of the normal and expected activity from the business, including types of products to be sold and the type of customers to be served, 5) ongoing monitoring of publicly available sources for adverse information about the business and related parties, 6) ongoing monitoring for suspicious activity and 7) refreshing information obtained as part of customer due diligence on a periodic basis and commensurate with the risk.	



	Marijuana Related Businesses ²	Information for Examiners	Relevant Policy	Examiner Notes
8.	What challenges have been encountered through banking MRBs?	Note - this question is not intended to elevate the current disagreement between state and federal legal status of marijuana. Rather, it is intended to encourage dialogue between the institution and examiner about specific account or relationship challenges that have been encountered. Responses should help an examiner understand whether MRB relationships at this institution have been unexpectedly challenging or are carrying more inherent risks.	FIN-2014-G001 gives guidance to financial institutions that deem it necessary to terminate a relationship with a marijuana-related business in order to maintain an effective antimoney laundering program. Financial institutions should file a SAR and note in the narrative the basis for termination. In this instance, financial institutions should use the term "MARIJUANA TERMINATION" in the narrative section. FinCEN encourages institutions that have been made aware of previous accountholders seeking banking relationships to utilize the voluntary information sharing process as outlined in Section 314(b) of the BSA.	
9.	How have account opening procedures been adjusted to consider MRBs?	There are no standards for account opening procedures specifically related to MRBs. However, if an institution is engaged in this industry, processes to help determine MRBs would be expected as part of customer due diligence.	Financial institutions should adjust policies and procedures related to MRBs per FIN-2014-G001.	



Marijuana Related Businesses ²	Information for Examiners	Relevant Policy	Examiner Notes
10. Did management perform a legal review of applicable federal and state laws prior to the banking of MRB customers?	Management would be expected to ensure that any applicable licenses or regulatory requirements have been met before establishing a relationship with any MRB. These reviews should occur on a regular basis to ensure that no licenses have lapsed, or no regulatory requirements have been missed by the MRB that could jeopardize their ability to operate their business.	FIN-2014-G001 directs financial institutions to file a "Marijuana Priority SAR" if the MRB violates state law or Cole Memo priorities.	
11. What processes are in place to identify whether existing loan customers have a relationship with an MRB?	 This question is intended to encourage discussion about the institution's processes for reviewing loan customer relationships. For instance, if a borrower for a commercial property was leasing that property, or a portion of that property, to an MRB this would be an indirect MRB relationship. Banks should have a process to identify if activity is suspicious in these indirect cases, but there is no expectation for them to scour their customer base or loans for activity that may be marijuana related. If they know about it, or identify it, then they should have a process to assess if a SAR filing is warranted. Banks should fully document this process. 	FIN-2014-G001 directs financial institutions to seek licensee information from the state licensing authority. In many instances, state law requires MRBs to disclose, through the licensing process, individuals that have financial interest in the MRB. Footnote 7 in FIN-201-G001 provides more detail on this topic.	



Marijuana Related Businesses ²	Information for Examiners	Relevant Policy	Examiner Notes
12. Have the cash handling demands of the MRB been considered?	Given the current legal disagreements between state and federal law related to marijuana, some MRBs may have substantial cash inflows or outflows. Institution management should evaluate, with the MRB, what level of cash services would be anticipated. Understanding these needs prior to the establishment of a relationship would allow the institution to better detect suspicious activities.	FIN-2014-G001 states that financial institutions should reach out to state licensing authorities to obtain data on MRBs. In many jurisdictions, MRBs are required to disclose transactional data. Contact your relevant state licensing authority for available information within your state.	
13. For MRB borrowers, has the institution evaluated, through their allowance for credit losses or otherwise, the impact a change in marijuana's legal status may have on the institution's collateral position as a creditor?	This question is intended to help an examiner understand what, if any, contingency plans the institution or MRB has made for a change in legal status of marijuana. For example, if federal enforcement of marijuana law changes, there is a possibility that collateral securing the borrower's debt could be encumbered in an enforcement case or its value could deteriorate rapidly.	Not directly addressed in federal guidance, but financial institutions should consider preparing a strategy in the event of a legislative or policy change at the State or Federal level.	



Marijuana Related Businesses ²	Information for Examiners	Relevant Policy	Examiner Notes
14. Does management have a contingency plan that considers a possible quick exit from this business should there be a change in the policies and forbearances from the Federal and State governments?	• As in the previous question, it would be prudent for an institution to have a plan to quickly exit or terminate MRB relationships. The assessment should consider liquidity, collateral positions, and other impacts an abrupt separation from these relationships were to become necessary.	This is not directly addressed in federal guidance, but financial institutions should consider preparing a strategy in the event of a legislative or policy change at the State or Federal level.	
15. Does the institution's blanket bond insurer require that MRB customer relationships be disclosed to the blanket bond insurance provider? If so, have those disclosures been made?	Beyond what may be required by a bonding company or blanket bond provider, there are no requirements to notify the institution's bonding company of the existence of MRB customer relationships. This question is intended to determine whether the institution has taken whatever steps may be required under their specific blanket bond.	This is not directly addressed in federal guidance.	
16. What training has been provided to staff related to the marijuana industry?	An effective risk management process includes maintaining an aware and well-trained staff. Training on MRBs for financial institution employees should consider BSA/AML risks, account opening procedures specific to the institution, and an internal escalation processes if an employee detects changes in a customer's risk profile.	This is not directly addressed in federal guidance.	



Marijuana Related Businesses ²	Information for Examiners	Relevant Policy	Examiner Notes
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Part III - Cole Memo Priorities

A memo released by the Department of Justice, often known as "The Cole Memo," provided parameters around which federal enforcement of marijuana laws will be prioritized. While the provisions of the memo could not be considered a safe harbor for financial institutions, taking steps to comply with the provisions in the memo may have reduced the risk of federal enforcement. A link to The Cole Memo can be found on the "Reference Documents" table in this Job Aid. The Cole Memo provisions are the included in the FIN-2014-G001 guidance. In January 2018, the Cole Memo was rescinded by the Attorney General. However, FinCEN has not yet updated their guidance or reference to the Cole Memo provisions. FinCEN has advised FI's to continue to follow FIN-2014-G001 in its entirety as such examiners should continue to examine banks in compliance with that guidance.

of the institution aware of the following Cole Memo priorities?
Pursuant to FinCEN guidance, if an insured depository institution (IDI) becomes aware of an MRB violating Cole Memo priorities and/or state law, then FIN-2014-G001 directs IDIs to file a Priority SAR.

• Use the following questions to assess provisions of FIN-2014-G001.



Marijuana Related Businesses ²	Information for Examiners	Relevant Policy	Examiner Notes
a. Preventing the distribution of marijuana to minors	• Each provision is separated and designed to be answered in a yes/no manner.	FIN-2014-G001 guidance directs institutions to consider whether an MRB implicates one of the Cole Memo priorities or related state law(s) when performing customer due diligence. Additionally, if a financial institution finds that an MRB has violated a Cole Memo priority, FIN-2014-G001 directs the institution to file a "Marijuana Priority" SAR. The guidance also lists several "red flags" that may indicate that an MRB may be engaged in activity that implicates one of the Cole Memo priorities, or violates state law.	
b. Preventing revenue from the sale of marijuana from going to criminal enterprises, gangs, and cartels	See above	See above	
c. Preventing the diversion of marijuana from states where it is legal under state law in some form to other states	See above	See above	



Marijuana Related Businesses ²	Information for Examiners	Relevant Policy	Examiner Notes
d. Preventing state- authorized marijuana activity from being used as a cover or pretext for the trafficking of other illegal drugs or other illegal activity	See above	See above	
e. Preventing violence and the use of firearms in the cultivation and distribution of marijuana	See above	See above	
f. Preventing drugged driving and the exacerbation of other adverse public health consequences associated with marijuana use	See above	See above	
g. Preventing the growing of marijuana on public lands and the attendant public safety and environmental dangers posed by marijuana production on public lands	See above	See above	



Marijuana Related Businesses ²	Information for Examiners	Relevant Policy	Examiner Notes
h. Preventing marijuana possession or use on federal property	See above	See above	

Part IV - FinCEN Filings³

FinCEN has provided guidance for financial institutions that governs how CTRs and SARs are to be handled for MRBs. The questions in this section are intended to help examiners assess an institution's understanding of, and compliance with, the provisions of this guidance.

³ Consistent with FinCEN regulations, the obligation to file a SAR is unaffected by any state law that legalizes marijuana-related activity.



	Marijuana Related Businesses ²	Information for Examiners	Relevant Policy	Examiner Notes
1.	Are SAR filing requirements understood and followed by institution employees?	• As an example, a financial institution providing financial services to an MRB that it reasonably believes, based on its customer due diligence, does not implicate one of the Cole Memo priorities or violate state law should file a "Marijuana Limited" SAR. The content of this SAR should be limited to the following information: (i) identifying information of the subject and related parties; (ii) addresses of the subject and related parties; (iii) the fact that the filing institution is filing the SAR solely because the subject is engaged in a marijuana-related business; and (iv) the fact that no additional suspicious activity has been identified. Financial institutions should use the term "MARIJUANA LIMITED" in the narrative section. FIN-2014-G001 established three new SAR filings pertaining to MRB's. These should be included in a Banks BSA/AML policy if they operate in a state where there is some form of legalized marijuana.	Pursuant to FAQs released by FinCEN regarding SAR filing in combination with FIN-2014-G001, financial institutions that do not suspect that MRB account holders have violated state law or Cole Memo priorities should file a continuing activity report, with the filing deadline being 120 days after the date of the previously related SAR filing. A "Marijuana Limited" SAR should be filed using those prescribed guidelines. A "Marijuana Priority" SAR should be filed on an MRB that the institution reasonably believes, based on customer due diligence, implicates one of the Cole Memo priorities or violates state law. A "Marijuana Termination" SAR should be filed if a financial institution deems it necessary to terminate a relationship with an MRB in order to maintain an effective anti-money laundering compliance program.	



Marijuana Related Businesses ²	Information for Examiners	Relevant Policy	Examiner Notes
2. Does management review customer information obtained as part of their customer due diligence program at least every 90 days to determine whether a change in SAR filing is warranted?	• An MRB's risk profile may change quickly. This question is intended to assess how an institution manages these changing risks and whether the necessary adjustments are made to remain in compliance with FinCEN plan and guidance. If management deems it necessary to terminate a relationship with a marijuana-related business the term "Marijuana Termination" should be used in the narrative portion of the accompanying SAR.	FIN-2014-G001 recommends refreshing information obtained as part of customer due diligence on a periodic basis and commensurate with the risk presented by the MRB. With respect to information the state licensure obtained in connection with such customer due diligence, a financial institution may reasonably rely on the accuracy of information provided by state licensing authorities, where states make such information available.	



State by State Cannabis Policy

State	Medical Use	Recreational Use	State Marijuana Authority	Нетр	State Hemp Authority	Additional Notes
Alabama	Yes	No	N/A	Yes	Industrial Hemp (alabama.gov)	State plan approved by USDA under the final rule in 2021. Medical marijuana legalized May 17, 2021.
Alaska	Yes	Yes	Home, Alcohol & Marijuana Control Office (alaska.gov)	Yes	Alaska Plant Materials Center Division of Agriculture	Drafting a hemp plan for USDA review, but AK will continue to operate under its 2014 pilot rules.
Arizona	Yes	Yes	ADHS - Medical Marijuana - Physicians (azdhs.gov)	Yes	Industrial Hemp Program Arizona Department of Agriculture (az.gov)	State plan approved by USDA under the final rule in 2021. Marijuana legalization passed on November 3, 2020.
Arkansas	Yes	No	Medical Marijuana Arkansas Department of Health	Yes	Hemp Home - Arkansas Department of Agriculture	State plan approved by USDA under the final rule in 2021.



State	Medical Use	Recreational Use	State Marijuana Authority	Нетр	State Hemp Authority	Additional Notes
California	Yes	Yes	Cannabis California Cannabis Portal	Yes	CDFA - Plant - Industrial Hemp (ca.gov)	State plan approved by USDA under the final rule in 2021. The attorney general released new medicinal cannabis guidelines August 6, 2019. <u>link</u>
Colorado	Yes	Yes	Marijuana Home DOR SBG (colorado.gov)	Yes	Industrial Hemp Department of Agriculture (colorado.gov)	State plan approved by USDA under the final rule in 2021. Online portal for hemp growers to submit applications and payment.
Connecticut	Yes	Yes	Cannabis in Connecticut	Yes	Connecticut Hemp Research Pilot Program	A recreational marijuana law (<u>S.B.</u> No. 1201 passed and was signed into law June 22, 2021. State hemp plan approved by USDA under the final rule in 2021.
Delaware	Yes	No	Medical Marijuana Program - Delaware Health and Social Services - State of Delaware	Yes	Hemp Program - Delaware Department of Agriculture - State of Delaware	State hemp plan approved by the USDA as of January 28, 2020.



State	Medical Use	Recreational Use	State Marijuana Authority	Нетр	State Hemp Authority	Additional Notes
District of Columbia	Yes	Yes	Medical Cannabis Program	No	N/A	Recreational marijuana in DC is not taxed and regulated in DC, but individuals over 21 are able to legally possess and cultivate limited amounts of marijuana for recreational use under Initiative 71 Marijuana can be donated, but not sold.
Florida	Yes	No	OMMU – Office Of Medical Marijuana Use (knowthefactsmmj.com)	Yes	Hemp/CBD in Florida / Cannabis/Hemp / Home - Florida Department of Agriculture & Consumer Services (fdacs.gov)	State hemp plan approved by USDA as of April 16, 2020.
Georgia	Yes	No	Low THC Oil Registry Page Georgia Department of Public Health	Yes	Georgia Hemp Program - Ga Dept of Agriculture	State hemp plan approved by USDA as of March 9, 2020. Qualified persons in Georgia can possess up to 20 fluid ounces of low THC oil.
Hawaii	Yes	No	Medical Cannabis Program (hawaii.gov)	Yes	Department of Agriculture Hemp Production (hawaii.gov)	State will operate under USDA hemp rules.



State	Medical Use	Recreational Use	State Marijuana Authority	Hemp	State Hemp Authority	Additional Notes
Idaho	No	No	N/A	Yes	Hemp – Idaho State Department of Agriculture	State hemp plan approved by USDA under the final rule in 2021.
Illinois	Yes	Yes	Medical Cannabis Program - MCPP (illinois.gov)	Yes	Industrial Hemp - Plants (illinois.gov)	State hemp plan approved by the USDA as of October 19, 2020, but IL will continue to operate under its 2014 pilot rules. Illinois was the first state to fully legalize through the legislative process – effective January 1, 2020. Cannabis frequently asked questions link
Indiana	No	No	N/A	Yes	Indiana Hemp Regulatory Website (purdue.edu)	State hemp plan approved by the USDA as of October 19, 2020. Medical use of CBD oil is allowed.
lowa	Yes	No	The Office of Medical Cannabidiol (iowa.gov)	Yes	Hemp Program Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (iowaagriculture.gov)	State hemp plan approved by the USDA as of March 19, 2020.



State	Medical Use	Recreational Use	State Marijuana Authority	Нетр	State Hemp Authority	Additional Notes
Kansas	No	No	N/A	Yes	Industrial Hemp (ks.gov)	State hemp plan approved by USDA under the final rule in 2021.
Kentucky	No	No	N/A	Yes	Industrial Hemp Research Pilot Program (kyagr.com)	State hemp plan approved by USDA under the final rule in 2021. Medical use of CBD oil is allowed.
Louisiana	Yes	No	Medical Marijuana - Department of Agriculture and Forestry (state.la.us)	Yes	Industrial Hemp - Department of Agriculture and Forestry (state.la.us)	State hemp plan approved by USDA December 27, 2019.
Maine	Yes	Yes	Medical Use Office of Marijuana Policy (maine.gov)	Yes	Hemp: Animal and Plant Health: Maine DACF	State plan approved by USDA under the final rule in 2021.
Maryland	Yes	No	Maryland Medical Cannabis Commission	Yes	Maryland Hemp Program	State hemp plan approved by USDA as of August 11, 2020.
Massachusetts	Yes	Yes	Cannabis Control Commission Massachusetts (masscannabiscontrol.com)	Yes	Industrial Hemp Program Mass.gov	State plan approved by USDA under the final rule in 2021.
Michigan	Yes	Yes	MRA - Marijuana Regulatory Agency (michigan.gov)	Yes	MRA - Marijuana Regulatory Agency (michigan.gov)	State hemp plan approved by USDA under the final rule in 2021.



State	Medical Use	Recreational Use	State Marijuana Authority	Hemp	State Hemp Authority	Additional Notes
Minnesota	Yes	No	Medical Cannabis - Minnesota Department of Health (state.mn.us)	Yes	Hemp Program Minnesota Department of Agriculture (state.mn.us)	State hemp plan approved by USDA under the final rule in 2021.
Mississippi	Yes	No	N/A	Yes	Hemp Cultivation in Mississippi - Mississippi Department of Agriculture and Commerce (ms.gov)	State will operate under USDA hemp rules. Medical marijuana law signed by governor on February 2, 2022.
Missouri	Yes	No	Medical Marijuana Regulation Health Services Regulation Health & Senior Services (mo.gov)	Yes	Industrial Hemp Program (mo.gov)	State plan approved by USDA under the final rule in 2021. Updated application <u>process</u>
Montana	Yes	Yes	Cannabis Control Division - Montana Department of Revenue (mtrevenue.gov)	Yes	Hemp (mt.gov)	State plan approved by USDA under the final rule in 2021. Marijuana legalization passed on November 3, 2020.



State	Medical Use	Recreational Use	State Marijuana Authority	Hemp	State Hemp Authority	Additional Notes
Nebraska	No	No	N/A	Yes	Hemp Nebraska Department of Agriculture	State hemp plan approved by USDA under the final rule in 2021. On September 10, 2020 the Nebraska Supreme Court removed the medical marijuana legalization initiative from the November ballot.
Nevada	Yes	Yes	Medical Marijuana (nv.gov)	Yes	Hemp Program (nv.gov)	State hemp plan approved by USDA under the final rule in 2021.
New Hampshire	Yes	No	Therapeutic Cannabis Program New Hampshire Department of Health and Human Services (nh.gov)	Yes	NH Department of Agriculture, Markets and Food	State will operate under USDA hemp rules. HB 459 allows for hemp growing and set up a committee to study federal guidelines with a report due November 1, 2019.
New Jersey	Yes	Yes	NJ Division of Medical Marijuana Cannabis Regulatory Commission Homepage (nj.gov)	Yes	Department of Agriculture New Jersey Hemp Program (nj.gov)	Recreation use of marijuana passed on November 3, 2020. New state laws on cannabis signed on February 22, 2021. State plan approved by USDA under the final rule in 2021.



State	Medical Use	Recreational Use	State Marijuana Authority	Hemp	State Hemp Authority	Additional Notes
New Mexico	Yes	[Yes]	Medical Cannabis (nmhealth.org)	Yes	Hemp Program - New Mexico Department of Agriculture (nmsu.edu)	State plan approved by USDA under the final rule in 2021. Marijuana legalized for adults April 12, 2021 – retails sales are to begin by April 1, 2022. Updated hemp frequently asked questions link
New York	Yes	Yes	New York State Medical Marijuana Program (ny.gov) Office of Cannabis Management (ny.gov)	Yes	Industrial Hemp Research Initiative Empire State Development (ny.gov)	State hemp plan approved by the USDA under the final rule in 2021. Recreational marijuana legalized March 31, 2021. Hemp legislation was signed into law on December 9, 2019 <u>S 6184-A</u>
North Carolina	No	No	N/A	Yes	North Carolina Department of Agriculture & Consumer Services (ncagr.gov)	State will operate under USDA hemp rules.
North Dakota	Yes	No	Division of Medical Marijuana Department of Health (nd.gov)	Yes	Hemp North Dakota Department of Agriculture (nd.gov)	State hemp plan under review by USDA



State	Medical Use	Recreational Use	State Marijuana Authority	Hemp	State Hemp Authority	Additional Notes
Ohio	Yes	No	Ohio Medical Marijuana Control Program	Yes	Welcome to the Hemp Program Ohio Department of Agriculture	State hemp plan approved by USDA December 27, 2019. Senate Bill 57 legalized hemp and hemp-derived CBD on July 30, 2019.
Oklahoma	Yes	No	Oklahoma Medical Marijuana Authority	Yes	Plant Industry – ODAFF (ok.gov) Scroll down to Industrial Hemp	State hemp plan approved by USDA as of October 19, 2020.
Oregon	Yes	Yes	Marijuana and Hemp (Cannabis): State of Oregon	Yes	State of Oregon: Hemp	State hemp plan approved by the USDA under the final rule in 2021.
Pennsylvania	Yes	No	Medical Marijuana Program (pa.gov)	Yes	Industrial Hemp (pa.gov)	State hemp plan approved by the USDA under the final rule in 2021.
Rhode Island	Yes	No	Medical Marijuana Information for Patients and Caregivers: Department of Health	Yes	Rhode Island Department of Business Regulation: (ri.gov) Scroll down to Industrial Hemp	State hemp plan approved by the USDA as of January 11, 2021.
South Carolina	No	No	N/A	Yes	Hemp Farming Program - South Carolina Department of Agriculture (sc.gov)	State hemp plan approved by USDA under the final rule in 2021.



State	Medical Use	Recreational Use	State Marijuana Authority	Hemp	State Hemp Authority	Additional Notes
South Dakota	Yes*	No*	Medical Marijuana - Medical Cannabis (sd.gov) Medical Cannabis in South Dakota (sd.gov)	Yes	South Dakota Industrial Hemp Program (sd.gov)	State hemp plan approved by USDA under the final rule in 2021. House Bill 1203 was signed into law March 25, 2021 authorizing banks to engage in business with hemp and marijuana licensees *Recreational and medical ballot initiatives passed on November 3, 2020. Recreational use was overturned by the SD Supreme Court on November 24, 2021.
Tennessee	No	No	N/A	Yes	Hemp Industry (tn.gov)	State hemp plan approved by USDA under the final rule in 2021.
Texas	Yes	No	Compassionate Use Program (texas.gov)	Yes	Texas Industrial Hemp Program (texasagriculture.gov)	State hemp plan approved by the USDA as of January 28, 2020. Medical use of CBD oil is allowed.
Utah	Yes	No	Home - Utah Medical Cannabis	Yes	Industrial Hemp Program Utah Department of Agriculture and Food	State will operate under USDA hemp rules



State	Medical Use	Recreational Use	State Marijuana Authority	Hemp	State Hemp Authority	Additional Notes
Vermont	Yes	Yes*	Home Page Marijuana Registry (vermont.gov)	Yes	Hemp Program Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets (vermont.gov)	State plan approved by USDA under the final rule in 2021. *Despite legalization in 2018, retail sales are not expected to begin until May 2022.
Virginia	Yes	Yes	Cannabis.Virginia.gov	Yes	Industrial Hemp (virginia.gov)	State hemp plan approved by USDA under the final rule in 2021. Recreational marijuana was legalized to begin July 1, 2021. Historical Note - In 1619, the Virginia colony passed a law requiring farmers to grow hemp.
Washington	Yes	Yes	General Information about Marijuana Washington State Liquor and Cannabis Board	Yes	Hemp Washington State Department of Agriculture	State hemp plan approved by USDA under the final rule in 2021. Information on hemp for marijuana licensees link
West Virginia	Yes	No	Office of Medical Cannabis (wv.gov)	Yes	Industrial Hemp Licenses : West Virginia Department of Agriculture (wv.gov)	State hemp plan approved by USDA under the final rule in 2021



State	Medical Use	Recreational Use	State Marijuana Authority	Hemp	State Hemp Authority	Additional Notes
Wisconsin	No	No	N/A	Yes	DATCP Home Hemp Research Program (wi.gov)	State will operate under USDA hemp rules. Medical use of CBD oil is allowed.
Wyoming	No	No	N/A	Yes	Wyoming Hemp Program	State hemp plan approved by the USDA as of February 26, 2020. The governor issued an update on hemp August 6. link



Territory Cannabis Policy

Territory	Medical Use	Recreational Use	Territory Marijuana Authority	Hemp	Territory Hemp Authority	Additional Notes
Guam	Yes	Yes	Cannabis Control Board Guam Dept. of Revenue and Taxation (guamtax.com)			Plan for cultivation and sale are expected in April 2020 - <u>link</u> to news report. The Cannabis Control Board issued a <u>fact sheet</u> on cannabis. Guam has not submitted a hemp plan to the USDA.
Northern Marianas	Yes	Yes	Cannabis CNMI Office of the Governor	Yes		Hemp rules pending legislation Recreational use law amended August 2019 Public Law 21-05
Puerto Rico	Yes	No		Yes	HEMP Licensing and Inspection Office PRDA (agricultura.pr)	Hemp plan approved by USDA as of July 15, 2020.
Virgin Islands	Yes	No	Virgin Islands Cannabis Advisory Board (VICAB) - VIBE HIGH	Yes	VIDA Department of Agriculture Scroll down to Hemp Program	Hemp plan approved by USDA as of May 29, 2020.



Indian Tribe Hemp Status

Tribe	Location	Tribe Web Site	Status of Tribal Plan
Assiniboine and Sioux Tribes of the Fort Peck Reservation	MT	www.fortpecktribes.org/	Tribe will use USDA Hemp Producer Licenses
Blackfeet Nation Tribal Council	MT	https://blackfeetnation.com/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Bois Forte Band of Chippewa	MN	Bois Forte Band of Chippewa	Tribe will use USDA Hemp Producer Licenses
Cahuilla Band of Indians	CA	www.cahuilla.net/	Tribe hemp plan approved under the final rule.
Cayuga	NY	https://cayuganation-nsn.gov/index.html	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Cheyenne and Arapaho Tribe	ОК	https://cheyenneandarapaho-nsn.gov/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Cheyenne River Sioux	SD	www.sioux.org/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Chippewa Cree	MT	www.chippewacree-nsn.gov/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Colorado River Indian Tribes	AZ CA	www.crit-nsn.gov/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Comanche Nation	ОК	https://comanchenation.com/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Confederated Salish & Kootenai Tribes of the Flathead Reservation	МТ	www.cskt.org	Tribe will use USDA Hemp Producer Licenses
Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation	WA	Colville Tribes	Tribe hemp plan approved under the final rule.
Confederated Tribes of Warm Springs	OR	https://warmsprings-nsn.gov/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Cow Creek Band of Umpqua Tribe of Indians	OR	www.cowcreek-nsn.gov/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Eastern Tribe of Cherokee Indians	NC	https://ebci.com/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule



Tribe	Location	Tribe Web Site	Status of Tribal Plan
Flandreau Santee Sioux	SD	https://santeesioux.com/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Fort Belknap Indian Community	MT	https://ftbelknap.org/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Fort Peck Assiniboine & Sioux Tribes	MT	Fort Peck Tribes	Tribe will use USDA Hemp Producer Licenses
Iowa Tribe of Kansas and Nebraska	KS NE	www.iowatribeofkansasandnebraska.com/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Kanosh Band of Paiute Indians	UT	Paiute Indian Tribe of Utah	Tribe hemp plan approved under the final rule.
La Jolla Band of Luiseno Indians	CA	www.lajollaindians.com/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Lac Courte Oreilles	WI	www.lcotribe.com/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Little Traverse Bay Band of Odawa Indians Waganakising Odawak	МІ	www.ltbbodawa-nsn.gov/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Lower Brule Sioux Tribe	SD	<u>Lower Brule Sioux Tribe</u>	Tribe will use USDA Hemp Producer Licenses
Lower Sioux Indian Community	MN	https://lowersioux.com/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Miccosukee Tribe of Indians of Florida	FL	https://tribe.miccosukee.com/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Mississippi Band of Choctaw	MS	Mississippi Band of Choctaw Indians	Tribe will use USDA Hemp Producer Licenses
Navajo Nation San Juan River Farm	NM	www.navajonationfarmboard.com/	Hemp plan to be resubmitted
Nez Perce Tribe	ID	https://nezperce.org/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Oglala Sioux Tribe	SD	http://oglalalakotanation.info/index.html	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Otoe-Missouria Tribe	ОК	www.omtribe.org/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Pala Band of Mission Indians	CA	www.palatribe.com/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Pauma Band of Luiseno Indians	CA	www.paumatribe.com	Tribe hemp plan approved under the final rule.
Pawnee Nation of Oklahoma	ОК	www.pawneenation.org/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule



Tribe	Location	Tribe Web Site	Status of Tribal Plan
Prairie Band Potawatomi Nation	KS	www.pbpindiantribe.com/	Tribe hemp plan approved under the final rule.
Pueblo of Picuris Tribe	NM	www.picurispueblo.org/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Red Lake Band of Chippewa	MN	www.redlakenation.org/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Rosebud Sioux Tribe	SD	www.rosebudsiouxtribe-nsn.gov/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Sac & Fox Tribe of the Mississippi in Iowa	IA	https://meskwaki.org/	Tribe hemp plan approved under the final rule.
Saint Regis Mohawk Tribe	NY	www.srmt-nsn.gov/	Tribe hemp plan approved under the final rule.
San Carlos Apache Tribe	AZ	www.sancarlosapache.com/home.htm	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Santa Rosa Band of Cahuilla Indians	CA	www.santarosacahuilla-nsn.gov/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Santee Sioux Nation	NE	http://santeesiouxnation.net/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Seminole Nation of Oklahoma	ОК	www.sno-nsn.gov/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Seneca Nation	NY	https://sni.org/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Shivwits Band of Paiutes	UT	Shivwits Band of Paiutes	Tribe hemp plan approved under the final rule.
Shoshone-Bannock Tribe	ID	www.sbtribes.com/	Tribe hemp plan approved under the final rule.
Sisseton-Wahpeton Oyate	SD	www.swo-nsn.gov/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Soboba Band of Luiseno Indians	CA	www.soboba-nsn.gov	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Southern Ute Indian Tribe	СО	Southern Ute Indian Tribe	Hemp plan under review
Standing Rock Santee Sioux	ND	www.standingrock.org/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Torres Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians	CA	http://torresmartinez.org/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Turtle Mt. Band of Chippewa Indians	ND	https://tmchippewa.com/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule



Tribe	Location	Tribe Web Site	Status of Tribal Plan
Ute Mountain Ute	со	www.utemountainutetribe.com/	Drafting hemp plan
Walker River Paiute Tribe	NV	Walker River Paiute Tribe	Tribe will use USDA Hemp Producer Licenses
White Earth Band of the Minnesota Chippewa	MN	White Earth Nation	Tribe will use USDA Hemp Producer Licenses
Wichita and Affiliated Tribes	ОК	https://wichitatribe.com/	Tribe hemp plan approved under the final rule.
Winnebago Tribe of Nebraska	NE	www.winnebagotribe.com/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Yakama Nation	WA	Confederated Tribes of the Yakama Nation	Tribe hemp plan approved under the final rule.
Yankton Sioux Tribe	SD	www.yanktonsiouxtribe.net/	Drafting hemp plan
Ysleta Del Sur Pueblo	TX	www.ysletadelsurpueblo.org/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule
Yurok Tribe	CA	http://yuroktribe.org/	Tribe hemp plan approved under interim rule



4 May 2022 Reference Documents

Reference Documents

Document	Description	Link
2014 Farm Bill - 7 U.S.C. 5940	With the passage of the 2014 Farm Bill, a State department of agriculture or institution of higher education can grow or cultivate industrial hemp if 1) the industrial hemp is grown or cultivated for purposes of research conducted under an agricultural pilot program or other agricultural or academic research; and 2) the growing or cultivating of industrial hemp is allowed under the laws of the State in which such institution of higher education or State department of agriculture is located and such research occurs. This page has been updated for the 2018 Farm Bill.	www.nifa.usda.gov/industrial-hemp
2014 Farm Bill - general information	USDA web page with links to reference materials	www.fsa.usda.gov/programs-and-services/farm-bill/index
2014 Farm Bill pdf	Signed February 7, 2014	https://www.ams.usda.gov/sites/default/files/media/2014FarmBill.pdf



Document	Description	Link
2018 Farm Bill - 7 USC 1621	The 2018 Farm Bill removed hemp from the list of Schedule 1 drugs and authorized industrial hemp cultivation, transportation, and research. Hemp is defined as any part of the plant Cannabis sativa L. that includes a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) concentration of not more than 0.3 percent. The USDA plans to issue implementing regulations in 2019 to support the 2020 growing season.	www.congress.gov/bill/115th-congress/house-bill/2/text
2018 Farm Bill pdf	Signed December 20, 2018 The 2018 Farm Bill (the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018) directed USDA to develop a program by which it will review and approve plans submitted by each state, territory and Indian tribal agency outlining their production of hemp for commercial uses.	www.ams.usda.gov/sites/default/files/media/2018FarmBill.pdf
2018 Farm Bill Webinar	USDA conducted a three-hour webinar to solicit public comments on the hemp sections of the 2018 Farm Bill. The recorded webinar and written comments are available for review	www.ams.usda.gov/event/2018-farm-bill-webinar-domestic-hemp-production-program
2021 Continuing Resolution	Signed on December 27, 2020 Officially known as "Continuing Appropriations Act, 2021" [Section 782] extends the states' ability to operate under their 2014 hemp pilot rules from September 30, 2021 to January 1, 2022.	Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021



Document	Description	Link
21 CFR Part 1308	Established marihuana [sic] extract as a separate Schedule 1 drug	www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2016-12-14/pdf/2016-29941.pdf
Cole Memorandum	The Cole Memorandum was rescinded on January 4, 2018.	Justice Department Issues Memo on Marijuana Enforcement OPA Department of Justice
Continuing Appropriation s Act, 2020, and Health Extenders Act of 2019	Signed into law September 27, 2019. Also known as H.R. 4378 – provides \$16.5 million to continue the implementation of the Hemp Production Program (Section 10113 of Public Law 115-334).	www.congress.gov/bill/116th-congress/house-bill/4378/text
Controlled Substances Act 21 USC §812	The Controlled Substances Act (CSA), passed into law in 1970, is the statute prescribing federal U.S. drug policy. The statute places all substances into five schedules, and is based upon the substance's medical use, potential for abuse, and safety or dependence liability. Schedules also determine the extent of prosecution and regulation. Marijuana is a Schedule 1 drug.	www.dea.gov/druginfo/csa.shtml
Controlled Substances Act changes	SEC. 12619 Conforming Changes to Controlled Substances Act removes hemp from Schedule 1	21 U.S.C. 802(16)



4 May 2022 Reference Documents

Document	Description	Link
Crop Insurance for Hemp	USDA's Risk Management Agency has both whole farm revenue protection and multi-peril crop insurance options available for certain hemp growers – see programs for details	www.rma.usda.gov/ www.rma.usda.gov/en/News-Room/Press/Press-Releases/2019- News/Hemp-Crop-Insurance-Coverage-Available-for-2020 www.rma.usda.gov/en/News-Room/Press/Press-Releases/2019- News/USDA-Announces-Pilot-Insurance-Coverage-for-Hemp-Growers www.usda.gov/media/radio/daily-newsline/2020-12-04/improvements- hemp-multi-peril-crop-insurance
EPA Approved Pesticides for Hemp	The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has published a list of pesticides that are approved for use on hemp since December 2019, including biopesticides.	Pesticide Products Registered for Use on Hemp
FDA FAQs on Cannabis and Cannabis Derived Products	FDA has concluded that THC and CBD products are excluded from the dietary supplement definition. FDA held a hearing in May 2019 to gather information about CBD.	www.fda.gov/news-events/public-health-focus/fda-regulation-cannabis- and-cannabis-derived-products-questions-and-answers www.fda.gov/news-events/public-health-focus/fda-regulation-cannabis- and-cannabis-derived-products-including-cannabidiol-cbd



Document	Description	Link
FDA Statement on regulation of products containing cannabis and cannabis derived compounds	It is unlawful under the FD&C Act to introduce food containing added CBD or THC into interstate commerce, or to market CBD or THC products as, or in, dietary supplements, regardless of whether the substances are hemp-derived	www.fda.gov/NewsEvents/Newsroom/PressAnnouncements/ucm628988.htm
FIN-2014-G001 FinCEN BSA Guidance	FinCEN guidance, titled BSA Expectations Regarding Marijuana Related Businesses, clarifies how financial institutions can provide services to marijuana related businesses (MRB). The guidance provides detail on how to assess the risk of a marijuanarelated business, including information that should be collected during customer due-diligence. Additionally, FinCEN provides guidance on how to file suspicious activity reports (SARs) and currency transaction reports (CTRs) for MRBs, including red flags that should be considered when filing a Priority SAR.	FIN 2014 G001 (fincen.gov)



Document	Description	Link
FinCEN Marijuana Banking Update	As of September 30, 2021, FinCEN has received a total of 219,097 SARs using the key phrases associated with MRBs. Several of the SARs contain more than one key phrase, which accounts for the numbers for each key phrase being greater than the total.	
	553 banks and 202 credit unions filed MRB SARs. The number of institutions filing MRB SARSs rose above the high of 747 reported in November 2019 for the first time.	Frequently Requested FOIA-Processed Records FinCEN.gov
	• FinCEN received 172,501 SARs from filers using the key phrase "Marijuana Limited."	
	• FinCEN received 15,359 SARS from filers using the key phrase "Marijuana Priority."	
	• FinCEN received 42,791 SARs from filers using the key phrase "Marijuana Termination."	
FinCEN Guidance for Hemp-Related Business Customers	FinCEN Guidance Regarding Due Diligence Requirements under the Bank Secrecy Act for Hemp- Related Business Customers June 29, 2020	FinCEN Guidance, FIN-2020-G001



4 May 2022 Reference Documents

Document	Description	Link
Hemp Production Program Regulation	USDA issued an interim final rule establishing the plan and regulations to produce hemp on October 31, 2019. USDA issued a final rule January 19, 2021 which became effective March 22, 2021.	www.federalregister.gov/documents/2019/10/31/2019-23749/establishment-of-adomestic-hemp-production-program Federal Register: Establishment of a Domestic Hemp Production Program
Joint Guidance on Providing Financial Services to Hemp-Related Businesses	Joint Guidance on Providing Financial Services to Customers Engaged in Hemp-Related Businesses issued by CSBS, FDIC, Federal Reserve, FinCEN, and the OCC December 3, 2019	Providing Financial Services to Customers Engaged in Hemp-Related Businesses pr19115a.pdf (fdic.gov)
NCUA Guidance for Servicing Hemp Related Businesses	The NCUA issued a Regulatory Alert, 19-RA-02 Serving Hemp Businesses August 2019 and a follow- up credit union letter 20-CU-19 Additional Guidance Regarding Servicing Hemp-Related Businesses June 2020	19-RA-02 Serving Hemp Businesses 20-CU-19 Additional Guidance Regarding Servicing Hemp-Related Businesses
More information on hemp	The 2018 Farm Bill directed USDA to establish a national regulatory framework for hemp production in the United States. USDA established the U.S. Domestic Hemp Production Program through an interim final rule. This rule outlines provisions for the USDA to approve plans submitted by States and Indian Tribes for the domestic production of hemp. It also establishes a Federal plan for producers in States or territories of Indian tribes that do not have their own USDA-approved plan.	Members of the industry with questions about the U.S. Domestic Hemp Production Program should contact the Agricultural Marketing Service (AMS) at 202-720-2491 or farmbill.hemp@usda.gov .



Document	Description	Link
USDA Agricultural Marketing Service Hemp Website	The Agricultural Marketing Service has been designated as the lead USDA agency to administer the new Hemp Production Program.	Hemp Production Agricultural Marketing Service (usda.gov)
USDA Agricultural Marketing Service Q&As	Hemp production questions and answers maintained by the USDA	Hemp Production Program Questions and Answers
USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service	Annual survey of hemp producers started in 2021 with the first results released February 17, 2022.	USDA - National Agricultural Statistics Service - Surveys - Hemp
USDA Clarification for Tribes	USDA clarified hemp production for Indian Tribes on May 28, 2019 and provided an updated on October 31, 2019.	USDA Clarifies Industrial Hemp Production for Indian Tribes
USDA Enforcement Discretion	USDA announced a delay in the enforcement of the testing and hot hemp disposal requirements based on comments received on February 27, 2020. Additional "common on-farm practices" allowed as hemp disposal activities are described.	Enforcement Discretion Hemp Disposal Activities
USDA Final Hemp Rule	Final rule on hemp production (7 CFR 990) published January 19, 2021 effective March 22, 2021.	Hemp Production Hemp Rulemaking Documents



Document	Description	Link
USDA Hemp Analytical Testing Laboratories	Laboratories testing hemp for THC concentration under the Hemp Production Program must be registered with the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) to handle controlled substances.	Hemp Analytical Testing Laboratories
USDA Hemp Web Site for Farmers	The USDA maintains a web site with information for hemp farmers that includes links to policies and frequently asked questions on topics such as crop insurance.	Hemp and Farm Programs Farmers.gov

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